

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - Europe

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Hempel's Mille NCT 71890  
Product identity :  189031750, 00134597  
Product type : antifouling paint

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application : yacht, ships and shipyards.  
Identified uses : Consumer applications.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details : HEMPEL A/S  
Lundtoftegårdsvej 91  
DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby  
Denmark  
Tel.: + 45 45 93 38 00  
hempel@hempel.com  
Date of issue : 13 November 2023  
Date of previous issue : 9 June 2023.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)  
  
+45 45 93 38 00 (08.00 - 17.00)  
See section 4 First aid measures.

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

##### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION
Skin Sens. 1, H317	SKIN SENSITIZATION
Carc. 2, H351	CARCINOGENICITY
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation)
STOT RE 2, H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE)
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM)

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :  
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.  
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Precautionary statements :

General : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

Response : Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Storage :	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal :	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients :	<p>opper (I) oxide</p> <p>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.</p> <p>zineb (ISO)</p> <p>o-xylene</p> <p>white spirit</p> <p>4-methylpentan-2-one</p>
Supplemental label elements :	 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

### Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings :	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger :	Yes, applicable.


### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
 opper (I) oxide	REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X	≥25 - ≤34	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 3.34 mg/l M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≥10 - ≤16	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 Index: 022-006-00-2	≥3 - ≤5	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
zineb (ISO)	EC: 235-180-1 CAS: 12122-67-7 Index: 006-078-00-2	≥1 - <3	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]
o-xylene	REACH #: 01-2119485822-30 EC: 202-422-2 CAS: 95-47-6 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥1 - ≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
white spirit	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 265-191-7 CAS: 64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X	≤1.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
4-methylpentan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≤1.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

cupric oxide	EC: 215-269-1 CAS: 1317-38-0 Index: 029-016-00-6	≤1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-octadec-9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine (2:1)	REACH #: 01-2119974119-29 EC: 251-846-4 CAS: 34140-91-5	<1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	M [Acute] = 10	[1]
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	EC: 230-528-9 CAS: 7173-62-8	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410  See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

#### Active substances

Product/ingredient name (% by weight)
copper (I) oxide (30.4 % by weight)
zinc (ISO) (2.9 % by weight)

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact :	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation :	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
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### SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician :	If gasses have been inhaled, from the decomposition of the product, symptoms may be delayed. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media :	Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray. Not to be used: waterjet.
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#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture :	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products :	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.


### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

Specific end use(s) : Antifouling products.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.  o-xylene    white spirit   4-methylpentan-2-one	<b>EU OEL (Europe).</b> TWA: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Tentativ TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: Tentativ <b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. <b>EU OEL (Europe).</b> (ACGIH) TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. (ACGIH) TWA: 145 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

### Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### Derived effect levels

Not applicable.

### Predicted effect concentrations

Not applicable.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

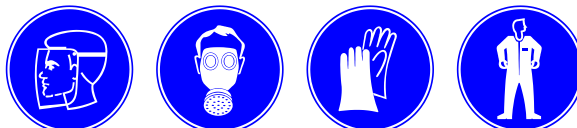
#### Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

#### Individual protection measures

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**General :** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.



**Hygiene measures :** Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.

**Eye/face protection :** Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

**Hand protection :** Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

May be used: nitrile rubber  
Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®  
Short term exposure: neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)

**Body protection :** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product.

**Respiratory protection :** Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Physical state :** Liquid.

**Color :** Blue.

**Odor :** Solvent-like

**pH :** Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

**Melting point/freezing point :** 439.835°C This is based on data for the following ingredient: copper (I) oxide

**Boiling point/boiling range :** Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

**Flash point :** Closed cup: 32°C (89.6°F)

**Evaporation rate :** Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

**Flammability :** Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and oxidizing materials.  
Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits :** 0.6 - 7.6 vol %

**Vapor pressure :** Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

**Vapor density :** Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

**Specific gravity :** 1.73 g/cm³

**Partition coefficient (LogKow) :** Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

**Auto-ignition temperature :** Lowest known value: >220°C (>428°F) (white spirit).

**Decomposition temperature :** Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.



### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity : Aspiration hazard (H304) Not classified. Testing not relevant due to nature of the product.

Explosive properties : Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

Oxidizing properties : Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

#### 9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight : Weighted average: 22 %

Water % by weight : Weighted average: 0 %

VOC content : 388.3 g/l

TOC Content : Weighted average: 343 g/l

Solvent Gas : Weighted average: 0.082 m³/l

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and reducing materials.  
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: organic materials, acids, alkalis and moisture.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products


When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:  
Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
 Copper (I) oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1340 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	6193 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3160 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3492 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zineb (ISO)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

o-xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	21.5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4300 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	3567 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral mg/kg	Dermal mg/kg	Inhalation (gases) ppm	Inhalation (vapors) mg/l	Inhalation (dusts and mists) mg/l
Hempel's Mille NCT 71890	2302.5	64892.1		419.2	15.4
copper (I) oxide	500				3.34
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	3492	3160			
o-xylene	3567	1100		11	
4-methylpentan-2-one				11	
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	500				

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
copper (I) oxide	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters
	Respiratory - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams

#### Mutagenic effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Teratogenic effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
zineb (ISO)	Category 3		Narcotic effects
o-xylene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
white spirit	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3		Narcotic effects
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
white spirit	Category 1	inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-octadec-9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine (2:1)	Category 2	oral	-
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	Category 1	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
o-xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
white spirit	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure



### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential chronic health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Sensitization : Contains zineb (ISO). May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards


Endocrine disrupting properties : See Section 15 for details.

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.


### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
 Copper (I) oxide	Acute EC50 65 mg/l Acute EC50 0.51 mg/l Acute LC50 0.0081 mg/l	Algae Daphnia - Daphnia Magna Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute EC50 2.6 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l Acute LC50 9.22 mg/l	Daphnia Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	48 hours 96 hours
zinc oxide	EC50 0.413 mg/l LC50 0.1169 mg/l Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Daphnia Fish Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	48 hours 96 hours 72 hours
	Acute EC50 1 mg/l	Daphnia - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	48 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 24600 µg/l Fresh water Chronic EC50 0.136 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Algae Daphnia Fish	48 hours 72 hours 48 hours 96 hours
zineb (ISO)	Acute EC50 0.036 mg/l Acute LC50 970 - 1800 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 7200 - 10300 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Algae Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Poecilia reticulata Algae - Chlorella vulgaris	72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
white spirit	Acute EC50 4.6 - 10 mg/l Acute EC50 10 - 20 mg/l Acute EC50 10 - 30 mg/l	Algae Daphnia Fish	72 hours 48 hours 96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Chronic NOEC 7800 - 39000 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 0.032 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo Algae	21 days 33 days 72 hours
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-octadec-9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine (2:1)			
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	Acute LC50 0.13 mg/l Acute EC50 0.05 mg/l	Fish Algae	96 hours 72 hours

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	78 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	-	>70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	-	>60 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
white spirit	301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	7 - 74 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	84 % - 14 days	100 mg/l	-
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-octadec-9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine (2:1)	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	66 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	66 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	-	Readily
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily
white spirit	-	-	Readily
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	-	Readily
oleic acid, compound with (Z)-N-octadec-9-enylpropane-1,3-diamine (2:1)	-	-	Readily
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 - 2500	high
zinc oxide	2.2	60960	high
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	low
o-xylene	3.12	8.1 - 25.9	low
white spirit	3 - 7.3	-	high
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.31	2	low
(Z)-N-9-octadecenylpropane-1,3-diamine	0.03	0.5	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : No known data available in our database.

Mobility : No known data available in our database.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.							

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

See Section 15 for details.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11\*






#### Packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

	14.1 UN / ID no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
<b>ADR/RID Class</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3  	III	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <b>Tunnel code</b> (D/E)
<b>IMDG Class</b>	UN1263	PAINT. (copper (I) oxide)	3  	III	Yes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, S-E
<b>IATA Class</b>	UN1263	PAINT	3 	III	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

PG\* : Packing group

Env.\* : Environmental hazards

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization - Substances of very high concern

##### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

##### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

##### Other EU regulations

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Product/ingredient name	Annex	Status
zineb (ISO)	Annex I - Part 1	Listed

**Seveso category** This product is controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

Seveso category
P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b E1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute 1 or Chronic 1

#### Biocidal Products Regulations

Restrictions on use. : See Section 1: Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Directions for use and dose rate : Roller application or brushing  
Consumer use: Rolling, Brushing  
Dose: See separate Product Data Sheet, Application instructions or label.

Additional information : (Product Type: 21 - Antifouling products) Liquid. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

#### International regulations

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### IMO Anti-fouling System Convention Compliant (AFS/CONF/26)

This product does not contain organotin compounds acting as biocides and complies with the International Convention on the Control of Harmful Anti-fouling Systems on Ships as adopted by IMO October 2001 (IMO document AFS/CONF/26)

Product type : antifouling paint  
 Manufacturer : Hempel A/S  
 Product name and/or code : Hempel's Mille NCT 71890  
 7189031750  
 Colour : Blue.

Note: This name is shown on the product container. All products in HEMPEL's containers carrying this name comply with the IMO Convention (AFS/CONF/26).

Active ingredient(s) : copper (I) oxide 1317-39-1  
 zineb (ISO) 12122-67-7

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
 RRN = REACH Registration Number  
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

Full text of abbreviated H statements : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
 H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.  
 H228 Flammable solid.  
 H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.  
 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
 H315 Causes skin irritation.  
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
 H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.  
 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
 H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.  
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
 EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] : Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4  
 Aquatic Acute 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1  
 Aquatic Chronic 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1  
 Aquatic Chronic 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2  
 Aquatic Chronic 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3  
 Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1  
 Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
 Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  
 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2  
 Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2  
 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
 Flam. Sol. 1 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1  
 Repr. 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2  
 Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B  
 Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
 Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
 STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

### SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	On basis of test data
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation)	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE)	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM)	Calculation method

#### Notice to reader

▣ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical performance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.

This document is intended to communicate the conditions of safe use for the product and should always be read in combination with the product's Safety Data Sheet and labels.

### General description of the process covered

Indoor or outdoor painting by professionals with brush, roller, putty knife, dipping etc. with good general room ventilation plus respiratory protection.

**This safe use information is linked to** : Professional low-energy painting, near-industrial setting  
Priority

**Sector(s) of use** : Industrial uses - Professional uses

**Product category(ies)** : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

### Operational conditions

**Place of use** : Indoor or outdoor use

**Range of application/Process conditions** : Assumes a good standard of occupational hygiene and safety management has been implemented.

**Others** : Depending on actual conditions of application. Please consult your local HEMPEL representative for further advice.

### Risk management measures (RMM)

Contributing activity	Process category (ies)	Maximum duration	Ventilation		Respiratory	Eye	Hands
			Type and air changes per hour				
Preparation of material for application	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Loading of application equipment and handling of coated parts before curing	PROC08b	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Industrial application of coatings by other than spraying	PROC10	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Film formation - force drying, stoving and other technologies	PROC04	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Cleaning	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.
Waste management	PROC08b	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

See chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet for specifications.

