

1.4 Emergency telephone number

# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - Europe

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **1.1 Product identifier**

Product name :	Hempel's Teak Cleaner
Product identity :	6754399980, 000F5F01
Product type :	oxalic acid cleaner

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application :	yacht.
Identified uses :	Consumer applications.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details :	HEMPEL A/S Lundtoftegårdsvej 91	Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)
	DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby Denmark Tel.: + 45 45 93 38 00 hempel@hempel.com	+45 45 93 38 00 (08.00 - 17.00) See section 4 First aid measures.
Date of issue :	5 May 2025	
Date of previous issue :	9 December 2024.	

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture		
Product definition :	Mixture	
Classification according to Regu	lation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]	
STOT RE 2, H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)	

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :	Warning
Hazard statements :	H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements :	
General :	Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention :	Do not breathe dust or mist.
Response :	Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.
Disposal :	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients :	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirements	
Containers to be fitted with child- resistant fastenings :	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger :	Yes, applicable.

# 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.



# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
dihydrate ethanedioic acid	REACH #: 01-2119534576-33 EC: 205-634-3 CAS: 6153-56-6 Index: 607-006-00-8	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kgAcute Tox. 4, H312ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg	[1]
respirable quartz	EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7	≥5 - ≤10	Not classified.	[2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.

# Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006

Product/ingredient name	CAS no.	%	Class of constituent
guartz (chrystalline, non respirable)	14808-60-7	10% or more	
dihydrate ethanedioic acid	6153-56-6	10% or more	
respirable quartz	14808-60-7	1% or over, but less than 10%	
bentone		1% or over, but less than 10%	
amorphous silica	112945-52-5	1% or over, but less than 10%	
Sulfuric acid, mono-C12-18-alkyl esters, sodium	68955-19-1	0,1% or over, but less than 1%	anionic surfactants
salts			
sodium sulphate	7757-82-6	less than 0,1%	
water	7732-18-5	less than 0,1%	
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	less than 0,1%	
chromium (VI) compounds (as Cr)	Sec. (7440-47-3)	less than 0,1%	
arsenic	Sec. (7440-38-2)	less than 0,1%	
lead compounds (Pb)	Sec. 7439-92-1	less than 0,1%	
iron	Sec. (7439-89-6)	less than 0,1%	
Zinc	Sec. (7440-66-6)	less than 0,1%	
cadmium	Sec. 7440-43-9	less than 0,1%	
Copper, Cu (theroretically calculated content)	Sec. (*	less than 0,1%	
	7440-50-8)		
mercury metal	Sec.	less than 0,1%	
	(92786-62-4)		
nickel compounds calculated as Ni	Sec. (7440-02-0)	less than 0,1%	
chromium (III) compounds (as Cr)	Sec. (7440-47-3)	less than 0,1%	
cobalt	Sec. 7440-48-4	less than 0,1%	

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact :	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed



# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact :	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation :	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms	
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact :	No specific data.
Ingestion :	No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician :	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been
	ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media :	Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray.
	Not to be used: waterjet.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
mixture :	
Hazardous combustion products :	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections



## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
respirable quartz	<b>EU OEL (Europe)</b> TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: total respirable fraction.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	

#### **Recommended monitoring procedures**

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres -Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### Derived effect levels

Not applicable.

#### Predicted effect concentrations

Not applicable.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

#### Individual protection measures

General :

Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.





# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Hand protection :	Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.
	Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type.
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. (EN140) Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	• •
Physical state :	Powder.
Color :	Gray [Light]
Odor :	Non-characteristic.
pH :	10
Melting point/freezing point :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Boiling point/boiling range :	100°C
Flash point :	Non-flammable.
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flammability :	Non-flammable.
Vapor pressure :	Not available.
Vapor density :	Not applicable.
Specific gravity :	2.31 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Partition coefficient (LogKow) :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature :	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Viscosity :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Explosive properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Oxidizing properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
0.0 Other information	

## 9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight :	Weighted average: 0 %
Water % by weight :	Weighted average: 0 %
VOC content :	0 g/l
TOC Content :	Weighted average: 0 g/l
Solvent Gas :	Weighted average: 0 m³/l



# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

No incompatible product according to our database.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Repeated inhalation of dust can produce varying degrees of respiratory irritation or lung damage.

# Acute toxicity

## Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral mg/kg	Dermal mg/kg	Inhalation (gases) ppm	Inhalation (vapors) mg/l	Inhalation (dusts and mists) mg/l
Hempel's Teak Cleaner dihydrate ethanedioic acid	2777.8 500	6111.2 1100			

## Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

## Sensitizer

No known data avaliable in our database.

## **Mutagenic effects**

No known data avaliable in our database.

## Carcinogenicity

No known data avaliable in our database.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

No known data avaliable in our database.

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
No known data avaliable in our database.			

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
6754399980	Category 2	-	-



# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
No known data avaliable in our database.	

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential chronic health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Other information :

No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No known data avaliable in our database.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/Water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос
dihydrate ethanedioic acid	0.92	8.39649

# Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	РМТ	Р	М	т	vPvM	vP	vМ
piñydrate ethanedioic acid	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
respirable quartz	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility :

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB
dihydrate ethanedioic acid respirable quartz	No No						
Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]							
Product/ingredient name	РВТ	Р	В	т	vPvB	vP	vB
dihydrate ethanedioic acid respirable quartz	No	No No	No No	No No	No No	No No	No No

Conclusion/Summary :

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.



# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11\*

#### Packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 14.2 UN / ID no. Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	-	-	No.	-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	No.	-
IATA Class	Not regulated.	-	-	No.	-

PG\* : Packing group

Env.\* : Environmental hazards

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization - Substances of very high concern

# Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

# Other EU regulations

Seveso category

This product is not controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

## Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006

Contains (EU Detergents less than 5%: anionic surfactants. Regulation) :

## **15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

Not applicable.



# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms :	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement RRN = REACH Registration Number DNEL = Derived No Effect Level PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration						
Full text of abbreviated H statements :	H302 H312 H373	Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.					
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] :	Acute Tox. 4 STOT RE 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2					
Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]							

Classification	Justification
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)	Expert judgment

## Notice to reader

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.